

**Introduced by Senator Pavley**

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An act to amend Section 4064.5 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 1367.25 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 10123.196 of the Insurance Code, relating to contraceptives.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 999, as introduced, Pavley. Health insurance: contraceptives: annual supply.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, to provide coverage for women for all prescribed and FDA-approved female contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related followup services.

This bill would require a health care service plan or a health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2017, to cover

a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal contraceptives dispensed at one time by a prescriber, pharmacy, or onsite at a location licensed or authorized to dispense drugs or supplies. Because a willful violation of the bill’s requirements by a health care service plan would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law authorizes a pharmacist to dispense not more than a 90-day supply of a dangerous drug other than a controlled substance pursuant to a valid prescription that specifies an initial quantity of less than a 90-day supply followed by periodic refills of that amount if the patient has met specified requirements, including having completed an initial 30-day supply of the drug. Existing law prohibits a pharmacist from dispensing a greater supply of a dangerous drug if the prescriber indicates “no change to quantity” on the prescription.

This bill would authorize a pharmacist to dispense prescribed, FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal contraceptives either as prescribed or, at the patient’s request, in a 12-month supply, unless the prescriber specifically indicates no change to quantity.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

- 1 SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature hereby finds all of the
- 2 following:
- 3 (1) California has a long history of, and commitment to,
- 4 expanding access to services that aim to reduce the risk of
- 5 unintended pregnancies and improving reproductive health
- 6 outcomes.
- 7 (2) California’s Family Planning, Access, Care, and Treatment
- 8 (PACT) program, created in 1999, is viewed nationally as the “gold
- 9 standard” of publicly funded programs providing access to
- 10 reproductive health care. The program has long recognized the
- 11 value and importance of providing women with a year’s supply
- 12 of birth control.

1 (3) The Affordable Care Act (ACA) and subsequent federal  
2 regulations made contraceptive coverage a national policy by  
3 requiring most private health insurance plans to provide coverage  
4 for a broad range of preventive services without cost-sharing,  
5 including FDA-approved prescription contraceptives.

6 (4) Since the passage of the ACA, many states have passed laws  
7 strengthening or expanding this federal contraceptive coverage  
8 requirement. In 2014, California passed the Contraceptive  
9 Coverage Equity Act of 2014, which requires plans to cover all  
10 prescribed FDA-approved contraceptives for women without  
11 cost-sharing, and requires plans to cover at least one therapeutic  
12 equivalent of a prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product.

13 (5) Numerous studies support what California has determined  
14 for decades in the Family PACT program: dispensing a 12-month  
15 supply of birth control at one time has numerous benefits,  
16 including, but not limited to, reducing a woman’s odds of having  
17 an unintended pregnancy by 30 percent, increasing contraception  
18 continuation rates, and decreasing costs per client to insurers by  
19 reducing the number of pregnancy tests and pregnancies.

20 (6) Access to contraception is a key element in shaping women’s  
21 health and well-being. Nearly all women have used contraceptives  
22 at some point in their lives, and 62 percent are currently using at  
23 least one method.

24 (7) Several states have mirrored the year-supply requirement  
25 for contraceptive coverage in their publicly funded family planning  
26 or Medicaid programs, recognizing the health benefits of reducing  
27 barriers to continuous and effective use of contraception. Recently,  
28 Oregon and Washington D.C. have gone further to require private  
29 health care service plans and health insurance policies to also cover  
30 a 12-month supply of contraceptives. With California’s history of  
31 leadership in establishing public policies that increase access to  
32 contraceptives, adopting a similar requirement is a natural  
33 progression of our state’s commitment to reducing unintended  
34 pregnancy.

35 (b) It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to expand on  
36 California’s existing contraceptive coverage policy by requiring  
37 all health care service plans and health insurance policies, including  
38 both commercial and Medi-Cal managed care plans, to cover a  
39 12-month supply of a prescribed FDA-approved contraceptive,  
40 such as the ring, the patch, and oral contraceptives.

1 SEC. 2. Section 4064.5 of the Business and Professions Code  
2 is amended to read:

3 4064.5. (a) A pharmacist may dispense not more than a 90-day  
4 supply of a dangerous drug other than a controlled substance  
5 pursuant to a valid prescription that specifies an initial quantity of  
6 less than a 90-day supply followed by periodic refills of that  
7 amount if all of the following requirements are satisfied:

8 (1) The patient has completed an initial 30-day supply of the  
9 dangerous drug.

10 (2) The total quantity of dosage units dispensed does not exceed  
11 the total quantity of dosage units authorized by the prescriber on  
12 the prescription, including refills.

13 (3) The prescriber has not specified on the prescription that  
14 dispensing the prescription in an initial amount followed by  
15 periodic refills is medically necessary.

16 (4) The pharmacist is exercising his or her professional  
17 judgment.

18 (b) For purposes of this section, if the prescription continues  
19 the same medication as previously dispensed in a 90-day supply,  
20 the initial 30-day supply under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) is  
21 not required.

22 (c) A pharmacist dispensing an increased supply of a dangerous  
23 drug pursuant to this section shall notify the prescriber of the  
24 increase in the quantity of dosage units dispensed.

25 (d) In no case shall a pharmacist dispense a greater supply of a  
26 dangerous drug pursuant to this section if the prescriber personally  
27 indicates, either orally or in his or her own handwriting, "No  
28 change to quantity," or words of similar meaning. Nothing in this  
29 subdivision shall prohibit a prescriber from checking a box on a  
30 prescription marked "No change to quantity," provided that the  
31 prescriber personally initials the box or checkmark. To indicate  
32 that an increased supply shall not be dispensed pursuant to this  
33 section for an electronic data transmission prescription as defined  
34 in subdivision (c) of Section 4040, a prescriber may indicate "No  
35 change to quantity," or words of similar meaning, in the  
36 prescription as transmitted by electronic data, or may check a box  
37 marked on the prescription "No change to quantity." In either  
38 instance, it shall not be required that the prohibition on an increased  
39 supply be manually initialed by the prescriber.

1 (e) This section shall not apply to psychotropic medication or  
2 psychotropic drugs as described in subdivision (d) of Section 369.5  
3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

4 (f) *Except for the provisions of subdivision (d), this section does*  
5 *not apply to a prescription for FDA-approved, self-administered*  
6 *hormonal contraceptives approved by the FDA. A prescription for*  
7 *FDA-approved, self-administered hormonal contraceptives shall*  
8 *be dispensed either as provided on the prescription or, at the*  
9 *patient's request, up to a 12-month supply.*

10 (f)

11 (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health  
12 care service plan, health insurer, workers' compensation insurance  
13 plan, pharmacy benefits manager, or any other person or entity,  
14 including, but not limited to, a state program or state employer, to  
15 provide coverage for a dangerous drug in a manner inconsistent  
16 with a beneficiary's plan benefit.

17 SEC. 3. Section 1367.25 of the Health and Safety Code is  
18 amended to read:

19 1367.25. (a) A group health care service plan contract, except  
20 for a specialized health care service plan contract, that is issued,  
21 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2000,  
22 through December 31, 2015, inclusive, and an individual health  
23 care service plan contract that is amended, renewed, or delivered  
24 on or after January 1, 2000, through December 31, 2015, inclusive,  
25 except for a specialized health care service plan contract, shall  
26 provide coverage for the following, under general terms and  
27 conditions applicable to all benefits:

28 (1) A health care service plan contract that provides coverage  
29 for outpatient prescription drug benefits shall include coverage for  
30 a variety of federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved  
31 prescription contraceptive methods designated by the plan. In the  
32 event the patient's participating provider, acting within his or her  
33 scope of practice, determines that none of the methods designated  
34 by the plan is medically appropriate for the patient's medical or  
35 personal history, the plan shall also provide coverage for another  
36 FDA-approved, medically appropriate prescription contraceptive  
37 method prescribed by the patient's provider.

38 (2) Benefits for an enrollee under this subdivision shall be the  
39 same for an enrollee's covered spouse and covered nonspouse  
40 dependents.

1 (b) (1) A health care service plan contract, except for a  
2 specialized health care service plan contract, that is issued,  
3 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2016, shall  
4 provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive  
5 methods for women:

6 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of  
7 paragraph (2), all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices,  
8 and other products for women, including all FDA-approved  
9 contraceptive drugs, devices, and products available over the  
10 counter, as prescribed by the enrollee's provider.

11 (B) Voluntary sterilization procedures.

12 (C) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

13 (D) Followup services related to the drugs, devices, products,  
14 and procedures covered under this subdivision, including, but not  
15 limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued  
16 adherence, and device insertion and removal.

17 (2) (A) Except for a grandfathered health plan, a health care  
18 service plan subject to this subdivision shall not impose a  
19 deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing  
20 requirement on the coverage provided pursuant to this subdivision.  
21 Cost sharing shall not be imposed on any Medi-Cal beneficiary.

22 (B) If the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic equivalents  
23 of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a health care service  
24 plan is not required to cover all of those therapeutically equivalent  
25 versions in accordance with this subdivision, as long as at least  
26 one is covered without cost sharing in accordance with this  
27 subdivision.

28 (C) If a covered therapeutic equivalent of a drug, device, or  
29 product is not available, or is deemed medically inadvisable by  
30 the enrollee's provider, a health care service plan shall provide  
31 coverage, subject to a plan's utilization management procedures,  
32 for the prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product without  
33 cost sharing. Any request by a contracting provider shall be  
34 responded to by the health care service plan in compliance with  
35 the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, as set forth  
36 in this chapter and, as applicable, with the plan's Medi-Cal  
37 managed care contract.

38 (3) Except as otherwise authorized under this section, a health  
39 care service plan shall not impose any restrictions or delays on the  
40 coverage required under this subdivision.

1 (4) Benefits for an enrollee under this subdivision shall be the  
2 same for an enrollee’s covered spouse and covered nonspouse  
3 dependents.

4 (5) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subdivision,  
5 “health care service plan” shall include Medi-Cal managed care  
6 plans that contract with the State Department of Health Care  
7 Services pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000)  
8 and Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of Part 3 of  
9 Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

10 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a  
11 religious employer may request a health care service plan contract  
12 without coverage for FDA-approved contraceptive methods that  
13 are contrary to the religious employer’s religious tenets. If so  
14 requested, a health care service plan contract shall be provided  
15 without coverage for contraceptive methods.

16 (1) For purposes of this section, a “religious employer” is an  
17 entity for which each of the following is true:

18 (A) The inculcation of religious values is the purpose of the  
19 entity.

20 (B) The entity primarily employs persons who share the  
21 religious tenets of the entity.

22 (C) The entity serves primarily persons who share the religious  
23 tenets of the entity.

24 (D) The entity is a nonprofit organization as described in  
25 Section 6033(a)(3)(A)(i) or (iii) of the Internal Revenue Code of  
26 1986, as amended.

27 (2) Every religious employer that invokes the exemption  
28 provided under this section shall provide written notice to  
29 prospective enrollees prior to enrollment with the plan, listing the  
30 contraceptive health care services the employer refuses to cover  
31 for religious reasons.

32 (d) (1) *Every health care service plan contract that is issued,*  
33 *amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2017, shall*  
34 *cover a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered*  
35 *hormonal contraceptives dispensed by a prescriber or pharmacy*  
36 *at one time to an enrollee.*

37 (2) *If a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered*  
38 *hormonal contraceptives is dispensed onsite at a location licensed*  
39 *or otherwise authorized to dispense drugs or supplies, the health*  
40 *care service plan shall cover the 12-month supply.*

1     ~~(d)~~

2     (e) This section shall not be construed to exclude coverage for  
3 contraceptive supplies as prescribed by a provider, acting within  
4 his or her scope of practice, for reasons other than contraceptive  
5 purposes, such as decreasing the risk of ovarian cancer or  
6 eliminating symptoms of menopause, or for contraception that is  
7 necessary to preserve the life or health of an enrollee.

8     ~~(e)~~

9     (f) This section shall not be construed to deny or restrict in any  
10 way the department’s authority to ensure plan compliance with  
11 this chapter when a plan provides coverage for contraceptive drugs,  
12 devices, and products.

13     ~~(f)~~

14     (g) This section shall not be construed to require an individual  
15 or group health care service plan contract to cover experimental  
16 or investigational treatments.

17     ~~(g)~~

18     (h) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

19     (1) “Grandfathered health plan” has the meaning set forth in  
20 Section 1251 of PPACA.

21     (2) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and  
22 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the  
23 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010  
24 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance  
25 issued thereunder.

26     (3) With respect to health care service plan contracts issued,  
27 amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, “provider” means  
28 an individual who is certified or licensed pursuant to Division 2  
29 (commencing with Section 500) of the Business and Professions  
30 Code, or an initiative act referred to in that division, or Division  
31 2.5 (commencing with Section 1797) of this code.

32     SEC. 4. Section 10123.196 of the Insurance Code is amended  
33 to read:

34     10123.196. (a) An individual or group policy of disability  
35 insurance issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after  
36 January 1, 2000, through December 31, 2015, inclusive, that  
37 provides coverage for hospital, medical, or surgical expenses, shall  
38 provide coverage for the following, under the same terms and  
39 conditions as applicable to all benefits:

1 (1) A disability insurance policy that provides coverage for  
2 outpatient prescription drug benefits shall include coverage for a  
3 variety of federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved  
4 prescription contraceptive methods, as designated by the insurer.  
5 If an insured's health care provider determines that none of the  
6 methods designated by the disability insurer is medically  
7 appropriate for the insured's medical or personal history, the insurer  
8 shall, in the alternative, provide coverage for some other  
9 FDA-approved prescription contraceptive method prescribed by  
10 the patient's health care provider.

11 (2) Coverage with respect to an insured under this subdivision  
12 shall be identical for an insured's covered spouse and covered  
13 nonspouse dependents.

14 (b) (1) A group or individual policy of disability insurance,  
15 except for a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued,  
16 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2016, shall  
17 provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive  
18 methods for women:

19 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of  
20 paragraph (2), all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices,  
21 and other products for women, including all FDA-approved  
22 contraceptive drugs, devices, and products available over the  
23 counter, as prescribed by the insured's provider.

24 (B) Voluntary sterilization procedures.

25 (C) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

26 (D) Followup services related to the drugs, devices, products,  
27 and procedures covered under this subdivision, including, but not  
28 limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued  
29 adherence, and device insertion and removal.

30 (2) (A) Except for a grandfathered health plan, a disability  
31 insurer subject to this subdivision shall not impose a deductible,  
32 coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on  
33 the coverage provided pursuant to this subdivision.

34 (B) If the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic equivalents  
35 of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a disability insurer is  
36 not required to cover all of those therapeutically equivalent versions  
37 in accordance with this subdivision, as long as at least one is  
38 covered without cost sharing in accordance with this subdivision.

39 (C) If a covered therapeutic equivalent of a drug, device, or  
40 product is not available, or is deemed medically inadvisable by

1 the insured’s provider, a disability insurer shall provide coverage,  
2 subject to an insurer’s utilization management procedures, for the  
3 prescribed contraceptive drug, device, or product without cost  
4 sharing. Any request by a contracting provider shall be responded  
5 to by the disability insurer in compliance with Section 10123.191.

6 (3) Except as otherwise authorized under this section, an insurer  
7 shall not impose any restrictions or delays on the coverage required  
8 under this subdivision.

9 (4) Coverage with respect to an insured under this subdivision  
10 shall be identical for an insured’s covered spouse and covered  
11 nonspouse dependents.

12 (c) This section shall not be construed to deny or restrict in any  
13 way any existing right or benefit provided under law or by contract.

14 (d) This section shall not be construed to require an individual  
15 or group disability insurance policy to cover experimental or  
16 investigational treatments.

17 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a  
18 religious employer may request a disability insurance policy  
19 without coverage for contraceptive methods that are contrary to  
20 the religious employer’s religious tenets. If so requested, a  
21 disability insurance policy shall be provided without coverage for  
22 contraceptive methods.

23 (1) For purposes of this section, a “religious employer” is an  
24 entity for which each of the following is true:

25 (A) The inculcation of religious values is the purpose of the  
26 entity.

27 (B) The entity primarily employs persons who share the religious  
28 tenets of the entity.

29 (C) The entity serves primarily persons who share the religious  
30 tenets of the entity.

31 (D) The entity is a nonprofit organization pursuant to Section  
32 6033(a)(3)(A)(i) or (iii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
33 amended.

34 (2) Every religious employer that invokes the exemption  
35 provided under this section shall provide written notice to any  
36 prospective employee once an offer of employment has been made,  
37 and prior to that person commencing that employment, listing the  
38 contraceptive health care services the employer refuses to cover  
39 for religious reasons.

1 (f) (1) A group or individual policy of disability insurance,  
2 except for a specialized health insurance policy, that is issued,  
3 amended, renewed, or delivered on or after January 1, 2017, shall  
4 cover a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered  
5 hormonal contraceptives dispensed by a prescriber or pharmacy  
6 at one time to an insured.

7 (2) If a 12-month supply of FDA-approved, self-administered  
8 hormonal contraceptives is dispensed onsite at a location licensed  
9 or otherwise authorized to dispense drugs or supplies, the insurer  
10 shall cover the 12-month supply.

11 ~~(f)~~

12 (g) This section shall not be construed to exclude coverage for  
13 contraceptive supplies as prescribed by a provider, acting within  
14 his or her scope of practice, for reasons other than contraceptive  
15 purposes, such as decreasing the risk of ovarian cancer or  
16 eliminating symptoms of menopause, or for contraception that is  
17 necessary to preserve the life or health of an insured.

18 ~~(g)~~

19 (h) This section only applies to disability insurance policies or  
20 contracts that are defined as health benefit plans pursuant to  
21 subdivision (a) of Section 10198.6, except that for accident only,  
22 specified disease, or hospital indemnity coverage, coverage for  
23 benefits under this section applies to the extent that the benefits  
24 are covered under the general terms and conditions that apply to  
25 all other benefits under the policy or contract. This section shall  
26 not be construed as imposing a new benefit mandate on accident  
27 only, specified disease, or hospital indemnity insurance.

28 ~~(h)~~

29 (i) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

30 (1) “Grandfathered health plan” has the meaning set forth in  
31 Section 1251 of PPACA.

32 (2) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and  
33 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the  
34 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010  
35 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance  
36 issued thereunder.

37 (3) With respect to policies of disability insurance issued,  
38 amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2016, “health care  
39 provider” means an individual who is certified or licensed pursuant  
40 to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of the Business and

1 Professions Code, or an initiative act referred to in that division,  
2 or Division 2.5 (commencing with Section 1797) of the Health  
3 and Safety Code.

4 SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to  
5 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because  
6 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school  
7 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or  
8 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty  
9 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of  
10 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within  
11 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California  
12 Constitution.